## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MARYLAND

WILLIAM LOCKWOOD, \*

Plaintiff \*

v. \* Civil Action No. WMN-02-2068

PACIFIC USA, LTD., et al.,

Defendants

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

## DEFENDANTS' REPLY TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF THE DENIAL OF THEIR MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT TO DISMISS PLAINTIFF'S CLAIM FOR CERTAIN DAMAGES

Defendants, Pacific Cycle, LLC and Toys "R" Us- Delaware, Inc., hereby reply to plaintiff's opposition to Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of the Denial of Their Motion for Summary Judgment to Dismiss Plaintiff's Claim for Certain Damages. In support of this reply, defendants state as follows.

1. Defendants previously filed a Motion for Summary Judgment to Dismiss Plaintiff's Claim for Certain Damages. (Paper No. 41). In that motion, defendants clearly established under Garay v. Overholtzer, 332 Md. 339 (1993), that plaintiff, based on the undisputed facts, could not recover for the expenses incurred for medical treatment or other necessaries while he was a minor child. In particular, defendants ruled out the possibility that plaintiff could recover such damages under the exceptions referenced in Garay. Specifically, defendants established that Ms. Saunders as plaintiff's parent could not waive or assign her right to recover after her own claim for recovery of such expenses was barred by the statute of limitations. Memorandum in Support of Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment to Dismiss Plaintiff's Claim for Certain Damages at 6-7. In

addition, defendants eliminated the possibility that plaintiff could recover because he was emancipated or because Ms. Saunders refused or was unable to furnish plaintiff's medical care. This was because these exceptions do not apply because plaintiff at times pertinent hereto was living with and being supported by Ms. Saunders in fulfillment of her legal duty to support and care for plaintiff. Id.

- 2. In its Memorandum and Order dated July 24, 2003 ("Memorandum"), this Court acknowledged the applicability of Garay and outright rejected plaintiff's arguments that he would under any circumstances have any obligation to pay the expenses at issue. Memorandum at 7-8. Rather, the Court decided there "was a triable issue of fact" as to whether Ms. Saunders has the ability to pay the expenses. Id. at 8. Additionally, the Court noted that it did not need to reach "the assignment argument." Id. at 8-9 n. 3.
- 3. Based on the provision of an updated affidavit from Ms. Saunders, defendants filed the motion for reconsideration. In its opposition thereto, plaintiff asserts that an issue still exists as to Ms. Saunders's ability to pay. Opposition at 2. In addition, plaintiff asserts that summary judgment is inappropriate because the Court has not decided the issue "of whether Ms. Saunders had waived or assigned her right of recovery" or "whether emancipation constitutes grounds for allowing a Plaintiff to individually seek to recover for pre-majority medical expenses." Id.
- Plaintiff is incorrect. A reading of the Court's Memorandum reveals that the only 4. issue not decided by the Court was the issue of assignment. As indicated, under Garay, this exception is not applicable where Ms. Saunders's claim is barred by the applicable statute of limitations. Thus, there is no genuine issue of material fact precluding summary judgment on the matter of alleged assignment.

5.

Defendants do not agree that a "genuine" issue still exists to preclude summary

judgment based on the updated affidavit of Ms. Saunders. It is certainly within the province of the

Court to decide as a matter of law that Ms. Saunders is able with her present salary of over \$180,000

per year to meet her legal obligation to pay for the expenses for plaintiff's medical care and

necessaries incurred when he was her minor child. The law requires nothing less.

6. Accordingly, Defendants motion for reconsideration should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Edward J. Lopata

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Attorneys for Defendants

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

**I HEREBY CERTIFY** that on this 31th day of October, 2003, a copy of the foregoing, Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration of the Denial of Their Motion for Summary Judgment to Dismiss Plaintiff's Claim for Certain Damages was electronically mailed to:

> Paul D. Bekman, Esquire Michael Patrick Smith, Esquire Israelson, Salsbury, Clements & Bekman, LLC 300 W. Pratt Street, Suite 450 Baltimore, Maryland 21201

> > Attorneys for Plaintiff

/s/ Edward J. Lopata

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Attorneys for Defendants

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						Hon	orable V	Villiam	M. Nick	erson		
cc:	Micha	ael Smi	nan, Esqu th, Esqu opata, E	iire								